Wine Is Not an Emulator http://winehq.org

Shachar Shemesh http://lingnu.com Open Source Integration & Consulting

With some help from the good people on wine-devel

egal Mambo Jumbo

tion for whatever you like iust g Linux is a inus Trovalds Codeweavers, fice and CrossOver Plugin trademarks of Codeweavers inc. Windows and Win32 are trademarks of Microsoft Corp. Amiga is a registered trademark Commodore-Amiga inc. All other trademarks are registered to the. respective owners.

History

Newsgroups: comp.os.linux From: bob@amscons.com (Bob Amstadt) Subject: Re: Impressions of WABI/Univel vs Linux References: <C9JoGx.IMM@news2.cis.umn.edu> Organization: Amstadt Consulting Group Date: Fri, 2 Jul 1993 17:36:48 GMT X-Newsreader: Tin 1.1 PL4 Message-ID: <1993Jul2.173648.3202@amscons.com> Lines: 7 Of course, for those of you who are interested in running Windows programs there is an effort in progress to create something similar to Sun's WABI. There is an activists channel, "WABI", for discussion of this project. There is need for many volunteers to complete this project. Bob Amstadt bob@amscons.com

Historical Details

- Founded in 1993, by Bob Amstadt
 - Long before Windows 95 made Win32 the defacto standard.
 - Aimed at supporting the Windows 3.1 API
 - Had lots and lots and lots of work ahead

Where Have We Progressed To?

To: wine-announce@winehq.com Subject: Wine release 20031118 From: Alexandre Julliard <julliard@winehq.org> Date: Tue, 18 Nov 2003 20:40:22 -0800

This is release 20031118 of Wine, a free implementation of Windows on Unix. This is still a developers only release. There are many bugs and unimplemented features. Most applications still do not work correctly.

The Theory of General Relativity

No matter how much you work, there is still much more work ahead of you.

The Rocky Road

- Wine started off as a X11 license project.
- Four major companies were involved in Wine development.
 - "CodeWeavers" distributing a proprietary product called "Cross Over Office" – aimed at making Microsoft Office installs an easy thing.
 - "Transgaming" distributing a proprietary product called "WineX" – aimed at making games run simply and easily.
 - Originally "Lindows" distributing the "run your Windows apps on our distro" product by the same name.
 - Corel tried to base migration strategy on Wine.

The Rocky Road (cont.)

- Late 2001 a group of Wine developers, as well as CodeWeavers, felt that Transgaming was breaking the social contract.
- Copyright holders were located, and the license was changed to LGPL.
 - A mailing list called "wine-flamelicense" was formed
- Somewhere along the road, Lindows and Corel abandoned all Wine related hopes.

Current Wine Derivatives – Free Software

- Winehq (http://winehq.org) The main (LGPL) wine branch.
- ReWind (http://rewind.sf.net) A fork branched from the last X11 licensed version. Mainly there for TransGaming to use.
- ReactOS (http://www.reactos.com) a Windows NT compatible OSS project.
- Odin A Win32 layer for OS/2 Warp. Little to do with Wine.

Current Wine Derivatives – Commercial

- CodeWeavers (http://codeweavers.com) Sell CrossOver Office, as well as other goodies (CrossOver plugin) – based on the LGPL version.
- Transgaming Distributing WineX based on ReWind (or the other way around – depends on who you ask).

So What IS Wine?

- It's a free software reimplementation of the Windows API.
- Wine is NOT an emulator.
 - Honestly.
 - No, really!
- Supported platforms:
 - Linux Intel
 - Solaris x86
 - FreeBSD
- Early stage development platforms
 - Windows
 - Mac OS/X integrated with an emulator there.

Merriam-Webster dictionary: Emulator

Main Entry: em·u·la·tor

- Pronunciation: 'em-y&-"IA-t&r
- Function: noun
- **Date: 1589**
 - 1) one that emulates
 - hardware or software that permits programs written for one computer to be run on another usually newer computer

Case in point – an Emulator simulates a *hardware* platform.

Proof The Wine is Not an Emulator

```
CreateWindowExW (USER32.@)
 * /
HWND WINAPI CreateWindowExW( DWORD exStyle, LPCWSTR className,
                              LPCWSTR windowName, DWORD style, INT x,
                              INT y, INT width, INT height,
                              HWND parent, HMENU menu,
                              HINSTANCE instance, LPVOID data )
   ATOM classAtom;
   CREATESTRUCTW cs;
   WCHAR buffer [256];
   if(!instance)
       instance=GetModuleHandleW(NULL);
   if(exStyle & WS EX MDICHILD)
       return CreateMDIWindowW(className, windowName, style, x, y, width,
height, parent, instance, (LPARAM)data);
   /* Find the class atom */
   if (HIWORD(className))
       if (!(classAtom = GlobalFindAtomW( className )))
           ERR( "bad class name %s\n", debugstr w(className) );
```

The Challenge

- OS supplied DLLs
- Fonts
- "Forest" filesystem approach
- Registry
- Services
- DirectX
- COM/DCOM
- MFC
- Device drivers
- Boot sequence
- 16/32 bit interfaces
- "Native NT" interfaces
- Mindows mossages

And How is Wine Doing?

Pretty good, actually!

http://winehq.org/?page=status – The "Wine Status" Page

- Tries to list what has been done.
 - Sometimes falls out of date
- In general Many many many aspects of Windows have been touched to some degree.
 - Most applications can be made to work, to some degree.

 My personal recommendation: "Wine is already good enough to replace specific applications, if those are all that blocks a move from Windows to Linux".

So Why the Alpha Status?

- http://www.winehq.org/?page=todo_lists lists the tasks required before a "beta" status can be announced
 - Setting up wine is still a matter of packaging.
 - When Wine is not yet installed, things are not functional enough to install it.
 - Too many applications require "magic" to get them to work.
- Hoping to move to "beta" status, but no clear date yet.

Wine Myths

- Wine is slow because it is an emulator
- Wine is bad for Linux
- Emulators like VMWare are better
- You need Windows anyway
- Wine is bad, Winelib is better
- Wine will always be playing catch up to Windows and can't possibly succeed at running new applications

Wine Myths (cont.)

- Because Wine only implements a small percentage of the Windows APIs, it's always going to suck
- Wine is only for Windows 3.1 / Wine will never support Win64
- Wine is for Linux only
- Wine is for Intel x86 only
- My game has copy protection that will never work with Wine

Wine Internals

What's inside the box

Under The Hood

Wine has the following major components:

- Win32/16 API implementation
 - By far the greatest part of the project. Reimplementing the various API calls that make up the Windows environment.
- Backend
 - Wine is not an OS. It uses various backends in order to actually perform the tasks.
 - Currently supported: X11 and tty.
 - In addition there are tons of "soft" and "hard" dependencies.
- Loader
 - This is simply a runtime linker that understands the PE, NE and MZ file formats.

New Executable Mark Zbikowski

Portable Executable

MZ, NE & PE Loader

- For the most part just mmap a PE executable into memory, load dependent DLLs, and link the relevant exports/imports from one to the other.
 - PE DLLs Native Windows DLLs. These cannot link to Unix shared objects.
 - ELF executables cannot link to windows DLLs.
 - The solution winelib.
 - An ELF creature that can also use the Wine PE loader to link with Windows DLLs.

Backend

- Provides the required functionality to the various implementations.
- Hard and Soft dependencies
 - Hard dependencies libraries that, if present during compilation, must also be present during runtime.
 - Soft dependencies libraries that, if not present during runtime, will reduce Wine's functionality, but not prevent it from running.
 - Most notable example presence of FreeType will allow direct rendering of TrueType fonts.

The WIN32 Implementation

- By far, the most extensive part of the project.
- Recent project DLL separation
 - Make sure each Win32 DLL only depend on those DLLs it depends on in Windows.
 - Separate the Win32 part and the actual implementation.
- All Wine DLLs are implemented as winelib apps.
 - Can be called by the PE DLLs, and yet call native Linux/Unix shared objects.

Wine Server

- There are many minor semantic differences between Win32, and the corresponding POSIX functionality. Especially in multiprocess contexts.
 - Windows locks a file once it's open for reading or writing. Unix doesn't.
 - Windows has a registry, that is simultaneously accessible to all processes.
- To give Wine the Windows semantics, the wineserver coordinates the actions by all processes.

End-User Experience

Installing Wine

Installing From Source

- Packaged install will not be covered here.
- Extracting sources the usual way.
- **C** Either:
 - ./configure && make depend && make && make install
 - Only really an option for upgrades.
 - tools/wineinstall
 - "Be prepared to grab a lunch (or two)"

Some Build Dependencies

All are just recommended

- FreeType Direct font rendering. Highly recommended.
- Alsa (Linux only) sound support.
- CUPS printing.
- OpenGL DirectX.
- ICU BiDi. Requires the c++ libraries to be installed during build.

The Config File

- The "~/.wine/config" file controls how Wine behaves.
- When things don't work that's usually the place to look for an answer.
- Almost all Unix→windows conversions are done through this config.

Common Pitfalls – Drive Mappings

- Windows uses a "forest" model.
- In order for Windows programs to know which drive they are on, the wine config holds a mapping of native directories to Windows drives.
- Telltale sign:
 - "Warning: L"filename" not accessible from a configured DOS drive"
 - Means that there is no Windows name to the Unix name you tried to run.

Windows Management

- Managed mode the X11 window manager manages the Wine windows.
- Unmanaged mode Wine tries to manage it's own windows. The window decorations are the same as in Windows.
 - Sometimes this mode causes focus and Z order problems.
 - For some reason, it is the default under some RPMs
- Desktop Wine wraps the entire window set with a "desktop" window.
 - Needed to get some installers to work.

DLL Overrides

- Why?
 - Some applications install their own versions of the DLLs. These sometimes don't work with Wine.
 - DirectX
 - Other need functions not yet implemented in Wine.
 - MFC
- DLL Overrides provide a way for the user to choose which version is used.

DLL Overrides – How

In the config file:

- Section called "[DIIOverrides]"
- builtin the winelib version that came with Wine.
- native the PE native version.
- Specify order
 - Item is the DLL name
 - Value is of the form "b,n".
- Can also define a per-application override
 - Section [Appdefaults\\appname\\DllOverrides]
- Tips for installing various applications http://winehq.org/site/supported_applications

Install Types

Fake windows

- There is no real windows to rely on.
- At most, you copy some DLLs from a real windows, and use DLL overrides.

Windows based

- The "C" drive is pointing to the Windows mount point.
- The original DLLs and registry are used.
 - Using a read/write share has been known to corrupt the windows drive
 - Was the recommended method of install in the past, but is no longer seriously tested.

Fonts

- Wine will use the X11 fonts only if it really really has to.
 - Hebrew does not work well in X11 mode.
 - Either no FreeType is available (compile or run time).
 - or
 - There are NO directly available fonts.
- One directly available font means that the X11 fonts will no longer be available.
 - This can happen rather stealthily.
- Recent versions will direct render TrueType fonts from X11, reducing above problems.

The Israeli Angle

- Hebrew is only very partially implemented.
- Right now, TextOut is the is only part really implemented.
- Edit control, Menu Items, Dialogs, and many many many other areas are not yet done.
- About 5% of the work is done
 - Covers about 80% of the functionality needed.
- Currently uses ICU to do the reordering.
 - FriBiDi was considered, but uses the wrong encoding.
 - ICU was almost thrown out for it's interface.